

**Sales at Vendue.**

On every Tuesday and Friday,  
WILL BE SOLD

At the Vendue Store, corner of Prince and  
Water streets.

A Variety of Dry Goods, Groceries, &c.

Particulars of which will be expressed in  
the bills of the day. All kinds of goods  
which are on limitation and the prices of  
which are established, can at any time be  
viewed and purchased at the lowest limitation  
and prices.

P. G. Marsteller, v. m.

Just Received,

AND FOR SALE BY  
CHARLES I. CATLETT,

75 chests Imperial, Hyson, & Young

Hyson Teas.

30,000 lbs. prime Green Coffee.

22 pipes and 8 quarter casks Lisbon

and Tenerife Wine.

8 hogheads Muscovado Sugar.

2000 lbs. Seine Twine.

50 boxes Mould Candles.

50 do. Spanish Segars.

8 barrels Pimento.

October 16.

ROBERT GRAY,

BOOK-SELLER, KING-STREET,  
Has lately received for sale the following ar-

ticles:

Talleyrand's Memoir concerning the com-

mercial relations of the United States with

England

Zollkoffer's Sermons on Education.

Remark. on Adams' Review of Ames'

works.

Mrs. Chapone's works.

MacKnight on the Epistles, vol. 1st, to be

comprised in 6 vols. octavo—price to sub-

scribers 2 dolls. 50 cts. in boards.

Cuthrie's Geographical, Historical, and

Commercial Grammar, improved, 2 vols.

octavo.

The works of President Edwards, 8 vols.

octavo.

The works of Dr. Rush, 4 vols. octavo.

Ainsworth's Latin Dictionary.

Brooks' Gazetteer.

Hutchinson's Xenophon.

Gibson's and Jesse's Surveying.

Murphy's Lucian.

Barlow's Columbiad, 2 vols. 12mo.

American Register, vol. 3th.

Dr. Ramsay's History of South Carolina,

2 vols. octavo, boards—price 5 dolls. 50 cts.

Subscriptions received by R. Gray

or the Monthly Anthology, MacKnight on

the Epistles, and a new American Dispens-

atory, all now publishing by subscription in

town.

**MUSCOVADO SUGAR.**

About 130,000 lbs. of Muscovado Sugars  
of a superior quality in casks, weighing from  
18 to 23 hundred each, will be sold on ge-  
nerous terms, on application to

James Patton,

OR

Marsteller & Young.

March 18.

Joseph Mandeville,

Corner of King and Fairfax streets, has for

sale,

8 pipes London Particular Madeira, old

and of superior quality

1 quarter casks Malaga Wine

6 do. Colmenar do.

10 do. Sherry BB & DC Brands

20 cases old Claret and Vin de Grave

50 barrels Whiskey

8 hds. and 10 barrels Northern Rum

Gunpowder, Imperial, Hyson, Young Hy-

son and Hyson Skin TEAS, of the best qua-

lities.

With a general assortment of Wines, Li-

quors and Groceries as usual, on moderate

terms.

March 2.

**Russia and Ravens DUCK.**

One Hundred Boils

First quality Russia and Ravens Duck.

ALSO,

50 boxes fresh LEMONS,

10 bags Pimento,

2000 bushels of Salt,

2 pipes old Port Wine of a very su-

perior quality—For sale by

John G. Ladd.

April 27.

**PROPOSALS**

BY BENJAMIN EDES & CO.  
OF BALTIMORE,

For Publishing a New and Valuable Work  
by Subscription, entitled,

An Universal Dictionary

OF

Commercial Geography;

CONTAINING all that relates to the sit-  
uation and extent of every commercial  
state in the world, and a comprehensive and  
correct account of their agriculture and pro-  
ducts, their manufactures, fisheries and  
mines, and the commerce resulting there-  
from—their laws, customs, tribunals and ad-  
ministrations of commerce—their land car-  
riage and navigation; their banks and com-  
mercial companies; their monies weights  
and measures; their exports and imports;  
their exchange and the balance of trade; their  
colonies, &c. &c. arranged in alphabetical  
order—From the French of J. Penc et, author  
of the Dictionary of Police, of the Methodical  
Encyclopaedia, &c.

The publishers have been at great  
expense in obtaining the only translation, re-  
vised and corrected by gentlemen of well  
known talents, which will make about 15 vols.  
8 mo. containing 600 pages each, dedicated  
to the Merchants of the U. S. Copy right  
secured according to law.

The work now proposed to the public may  
be said to be a miniature view of the commer-  
cial world, unfolding the commerce of every  
clime. It combines the experience of past  
ages with the trade of the present day. In the  
author's preliminary discourse and introduc-  
tion, will be found a most interesting history  
of commerce from remote ages progressively  
until the publication of the work, together  
with the tables of the money of the dif-  
ferent nations of the world; tables of the old  
and present weights, & measures of distance,  
surface, solids and capacity in France, adopt-  
ed since the revolution, &c. &c. Therein all  
the intricacies and labyrinths of trade are  
brought into one view.

The high estimation in which the Com-  
mercial Geographical Dictionary is held in  
Europe, induces the publishers to cherish a  
hope that in their expectations of remunera-  
tion they will not be disappointed. They  
know not of any work in the English lan-  
guage on the subject of which it treats, of so  
general importance.

Gentlemen acquainted with the real merits  
of the work will be highly gratified in seeing  
it in English dress, to effect which the pub-  
lishers have not hesitated to encounter every  
obstacle, and brave every expense. They are  
determined that the work shall be executed  
in a style which shall not deteriorate the  
character of the American press.

**CONDITIONS.**

The work will make at least 15 large octa-  
vo volumes, containing 600 pages each, and  
printed on a new type and paper of a good  
quality.

It will be delivered to subscribers bound in  
boards, at \$3 for each volume, payable on  
delivery. To non subscribers the price will  
be enhanced.

It is expected one volume will be delivered  
each month from the commencement. A list  
of the patrons of the work will be added to the  
last volume.

Subscriptions received at this office.

May 18—22.

**Public Sale.**

PURSUANT to a deed of trust to the sub-  
scriber, from John Potts and Eliza his wife  
to secure the payment of certain sums of  
money due to the Bank of Alexandria from  
George North and co. will be exposed to  
public sale at auction on Wednesday the  
sixth of June next at 11 o'clock in the fore-  
noon on the premises

A certain Lot or piece of Land,  
with the buildings thereon, bounded by Hen-  
ry, Oronoke, Fayette and Pendleton streets,  
and which is subject to a ground rent of one  
hundred and thirty three dollars and thirty  
three cents per annum, forever. Terms of  
sale Cash.

Ludwell Lee, Trustee.

May 15th. 1860.

**Madder.**

JUST Received, a few hundred pounds of  
the first quality Madder—And for sale  
by

BRYAN HAMPSON & CO.

May 10.

**FOR SALE OR FREIGHT,**

The beautiful new Schooner

ALPHA,

Burthen about 500 barrels.

This vessel is in all respects complete and an  
uncommon swift sailer. Apply to Captain  
Gilbert Howland, on board, or to

John G. Ladd.

May 19.

**FOR BOSTON.**

The regular trading Brig

LOGAN.

Joseph Hammett, Master.

Will sail in five days, and will  
take two hundred barrels on freight—for  
which, or passage, having excellent accom-  
modations, apply to

Lawlson and Fowle,

Who have received by said Brig and for sale

4 cases China Sinchaws and

Sarsenets,

20 boxes Dipt Candles.

May 26.

**FOR SALE,**

If applied for immediately,

The fast sailing Schooner

May and Kitty,

50 tons burthen, laying at Co-  
lonel Ramsay's wharf. For terms apply to  
the Captain on board.

May 30.

**Thirty Dollars Reward**

Will be given for apprehending and secur-  
ing in jail negro SOLGMON, who was seen  
furling about the suburbs of Alexandria this  
morning; he is of low stature, about twenty  
years old, and had on an old white hat, brown  
coat and striped pantaloons: good deal worn.  
It is supposed he is now in town. All per-  
sons are hereby forewarned from harboring  
or carrying off said negro.

Thomas Hunton.

May 3—5.

Bryan Hampson. & Co.

Have just received and offer for sale,  
15 hds. first quality New Orleans sugar.  
30 bales Upland Georgia cotton  
5 hds. Jamaica and Antigua rum.  
15 do. New England do.  
15 hds. first quality molasses.  
10 tierces rice.  
600 lbs. Bengal Indigo.  
400 do. Flotant do.  
15 bags heavy pepper.  
15 do. pimento.  
10 boxes best Albany chocolate.  
30 do. Bakers do.  
20 qr casks Malaga wine.  
300 reams writing and wrapping paper.

**AND ON HAND,**

London particular Madeira  
Do. do. Tenerife  
Sherry  
Sicily, Madeira & Port  
All of the first quality in pipes and quarter  
casks.  
Imperial  
Hyson  
Young Hyson  
and  
Hyson Skin  
20,000 lbs. green coffee in cags, and a gene-  
ral assortment of all kinds of groceries.  
Selected flour for family use.

**WINES**

**TEAS**

**FOR SALE,**

A valuable Negro Fellow,  
Accustomed to the sea. Apply to the  
Printer.

May 30.

**A TOLL KEEPER**

IS WANTED at the Occoquan Bridge im-  
mediately; none need apply without the  
most satisfactory proof of their honesty, in-  
tegrity and sobriety. An elderly person  
without a family, who is a tradesman, such  
as a Taylor, Shoemaker, or Schoolmaster,  
would be the most suitable—as it would add  
income to himself, and be more agreeable to  
the owner. Apply at the town of Occoquan  
to

N. Ellicott.

May 30.

**JUST RECEIVED,**

8 pipes Northern Rum, first quality.  
40 barrels Madder Apples.

For sale by

John G. Ladd.

May 11.

**Notice.**

THE Partnership which existed between  
GORDON & PIERCE, was dissolved  
on the 2d of April last. All those indebted  
to said Partnership are requested to come for-  
ward and pay

George Gordon.

May 31.

**GEORGE GORDON**

Respectfully informs the Public, that he

continues to carry on the

Blacksmith & Wheelwright

BUSINESS,

on Pitt street, between King and Prince  
streets, near the Washington Tavern, where  
those who please to favor him with their cus-  
tom, may depend on having the work done in  
the best manner, and on the most reasonable  
terms.

May 31.

**Just Received and for Sale,**

5 chests of Hyson Tea.  
2 do. Young Hyson do.  
200 pieces Company Yellow Nankeen,  
first chop—all of the latest importations.  
150 do. Blue do. first chop  
12 doz. tortoiseshell Combs, first quality  
20 silk covered hats.

**AND ON HAND,**

Factory Cotton, different numbers, white  
and colored  
Country Shirting and Chambray & Stripes.  
Bedticking  
300 pair Morocco Slippers  
A quantity of Flax  
Cotton in bales  
Beef in barrels  
Currant Wine by the barrel  
200 bushels Seed Potatoes.

Anthony Rhodes.

May 31.

**For Rent,**

A CONVENIENT two story house, with  
ing house, situated on Cameron street  
between St. Asaph and Pitt streets. Apply  
to

John G. Ladd.

May 31.

**Five Dollars Reward.**

RAN AWAY from the subscriber on the  
10th of June, 1859, an apprentice to the  
trading business, named JOSHUA TUCKER,  
about 19 years of age, dark hair and dark  
eyes, 5 feet 7 inches high. The above re-  
ward will be paid for apprehending and  
securing said runaway, so that I get him  
again.

John Johnston.

Masters of vessels and others are  
cautioned against harbouring, employing or  
carrying him off, as the law will be put in  
force against offenders.

May 31.

**Russia Sheetings.**

A few pieces first quality for sale by  
John G. Ladd.

May 31.

**LANDING.**

From on board the Schooner Bacter and for sale  
by the Subscribers  
7 hogheads Muscovado Sugar  
33 barrels do. do.  
10 hogheads retaining Molasses  
10 boxes Safford Oil  
21 tierces New Rice, and  
40 bags Green Coffee.

**ALSO IN STORE,**

30 hogheads Sugar, different qualities  
3 do. Molasses Rum  
15 tierces Rice  
47 barrels prime Port  
A few half pipes L. P. Tennessee Wine  
Cotton in bales  
Young Hyson and Hyson Tea in chests  
5 bags Camellia (Camellia) oil  
100 bolts English Canvas, No. 1 & 2.

Newton Keene.

May 30.

**FOR SALE,**

A Negro Woman, and Child  
About 8 years old—She has been lately  
employed in house work and sewing, and  
dresses. The reason of my wishing to sell  
is because I have no other means of support  
except the money I receive from the City of  
Washington for Jewell's Estate, which I  
am obliged to pay to the City of  
Alexandria.

Jeremiah Booth.

May 30.



**Alexandria Daily Gazette,**  
**COMMERCIAL & POLITICAL.**

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY  
**SAMUEL SNOWDEN,**  
Royal-street, Alexandria.

Daily Gazette 6 Dollars per annum.  
Country Gazette, 5 Dollars.

FRIDAY, JUNE 1.

The coercive effects of Mr. Jefferson's commercial restrictions, are finely illustrated in the subjoined article, which we copy from the London Packet.—*American Citizen.*

From the London Packet and Lloyd's Evening Post.

**BLOCKADING SYSTEM.**

The author of a recent publication, from documents of authority, demonstrated that the decrees of Milan and Berlin, so far from distressing our trade as Bonaparte so fondly, but foolishly, imagined would be the result, on the contrary they added considerably to its extent and prosperity: so much so, indeed, that the exports of the year 1808, since the blockade, exceeded those of the four preceding years, previous to the blockade, by no less a sum than 1,939,036*l.* Thus baffled were the pursuits and hopes of the usurper with regard to the commercial interests of Great-Britain. Let us now see how far they have affected those of Ireland. In this statement the author affords us a double satisfaction, by exhibiting at once the most triumphant proofs of the beneficial influence of the great measure of the union in that country, and the extraordinary increase of its trade since Bonaparte's absurd attempt to circumscribe and annihilate it.

The exportations from Ireland, the author observes, in manufactures and articles of her own growth, which in the year 1806, previous to the Berlin decree, amounted to 9,314,854*l.* real value, experienced a sudden rise.

In 1807 to	10,110,343 <i>l.</i>
And 1808 to	12,567,517 <i>l.</i>

This increase of more than a third, in the short space of two years, is wholly without example in the history of commerce. The annals, even of British commerce, do not afford an instance of a similar augmentation in the industry and labor that give life and activity to external trade.

What a singular phenomenon! With a population by two or three millions less numerous than that of the United States of America, Ireland, since the American embargo, not only has reached, but even outstripped them in her powers and means of exportation. The exports of her growth in 1808, exceeded by a fifth, the exports of America in 1806, although the Americans have been considered as the people of all the world who were advancing with the most giant strides in the career of productive labor and commercial wealth.

This state of things presents another phenomenon not less singular. The public revenue of Ireland has increased in a triple proportion since the Union. If we take the average of the three years, 1796, 1797, and 1798, the net produce amounted only to 1,860,797*l.* while in 1808, it rose to 5,174,501*l.*

But perhaps, it will be asked whether the collection of this increased revenue has not exceeded the means of the people who eleven years ago had so much the aspect of poverty, depression and discontent; and when it was shrewdly conjectured that the first step toward its improvement, would be to make the country sensible of the wants it labored under. The doubts expressed on this occasion might be very reasonable, if the increase in the revenue, to which reference is made, was owing to direct taxes, the payment of which the people could not escape, and the triple product of which could only indicate a proportionate retrenchment in the comforts they enjoyed. Fortunately, however, for Ireland, & the state of her revenue, the rapidity of her wealth is wholly attributable to the duties paid on articles of consumption, and the following statement will abundantly prove that the increase in the comforts of the Irish people has steadily kept pace with the increase of their taxes.

Take, for example, the consumption of sugar, a commodity equally nutritive, agreeable and wholesome, the use of which is at the same time an article of necessity for the wealthier classes, and an article certainly of luxury for the poorer.

Official value of sugars imported, by which is indicated, at their real value, but

the relative quantity of the consumption of it at the three following periods:

1806	4,683,880
1807	990,517
1808	929,581

Now, let it be observed, that this now modify paid a duty which last year amounted to 64*l.* 48*s.* and that nevertheless from a very recent period when Ireland only consumed the half of the 447,404 quintals of sugar which she now consumes, this duty has been raised from 16*s.* 2*d.* to 1*l.* 9*s.* 6*d.* per quintal. And here a comparison may be instituted not less curious than it is instructive.

The reports from the custom-house anterior to the blockade of the Baltic, valued the importation of raw and refined sugars into Russia at four millions of roubles, which would correspond with the purchase of about one hundred thousand quintals. Now with regard to France, the last official report which we have on this subject is that of M. Chaptal which goes back to the year 1800, and which ascertained the consumption of sugar, which, though double that which took place under the directorial gov't, was limited to 320,000 quintals.

Admitting that Bonaparte had succeeded only in diminishing, by one half, the consumption of that period, by the duties which he doubled, quadrupled, occupied, one after the other, that he might place that commodity beyond the reach of the French, and that he might the more effectually make them give up all relish for the expensive enjoyment of those exotic luxuries, still it will appear in the result, that the five millions of the inhabitants of Ireland, now consume, themselves alone, twice a greater quantity of sugar, than the eighty millions of souls who compose the population of the two vast empires of the East and West.

The following fact is not less extraordinary than the preceding one, and which serves indeed to explain it: Since the union between the two islands but more especially since the coalition of Europe and the U. S. of America against the commerce of both these islands, the commerce of Ireland has been revived to such a pitch, that in 1808, her joint exports and imports have amounted to 21,437,843*l.* real value (about 472 millions of livres) which, however, ascertains for that island, lately so poor and insignificant, a trade as flourishing, and an interchange of commodities as considerable as the whole commerce of France, meaning, always, not imperial France, impoverished as it must be by her conquests; but the ancient monarchy of France, at the most brilliant era of her commerce, when Mr. Necker, for the first time displayed the magnificent picture of her resources, and exclaimed—

“What a wonderful degree of power how many motives to silence all complaints of jealousy, and what abundant room for regret that the world should be inundated with blood in order to obtain some small degree of superiority, of which there is no necessity, and which must be purchased at the expence of the public good to which such additions might be made.”—The investigation of that minister who possessed such lights on this subject, presented 25 years ago an annual importation of 230 millions, & an exportation of 300—total 530 millions of livres. The difference between the trade of Ireland in 1808 and that of France in 1783, would therefore be, that 58 millions in favor of the latter, if, of the 300 million of exports, colonial produce, which is the result of African labor, did not constitute 75 millions, while the whole exports of Ireland are produced by the labor of her own inhabitants.

LONDON, April 11.

We have received the following important intelligence this morning:

Cape of Good Hope, Jan. 24.

The Bonaparte frigates arrived here yesterday from off the Mauritius, where she left our fleet on the 4th inst. she brings intelligence of the French frigates had been cruising in the Indian sea, having succeeded in getting safe in with prizes, one apparently a large Indian ship, which was chased on shore at the Black River; an unsuccessful attempt had been made by the boats of the fleet to destroy her.

The French fleet has got safe in, and were chased by our fleet on the morning of the 3d inst. consists of four frigates and four prizes, and as we know of only three French frigates being on the station, viz. Bellona, La Manche and Océan, some apprehensions are entertained of the other frigate being the Piedmontaise, which was reported in India to have been captured by two French frigates. It is, however, possible, that they may have been joined by another French frigate from Europe. The Bonaparte is expected here in a few days from the fleet, and by her we expect to have some further particulars.

By the Daily American, from Caylen, we have accounts of the two French frigates from Bonaparte having captured thirteen American vessels, and several English country ships, at Tapasina, on the N. W. coast of Sumatra. The Americans had a large quantity of specie on board, with which they were purchasing their cargoes of pepper.

April 13.

**Treaty between France and Holland.**

There is one article which relates to America, and which recalls sweetly to our minds the observations of (Mr. Webb) relative to Bonaparte's real feelings and intentions towards America, and his able “Letter upon the Genius and dispositions of the French Government.” He there warns the U. S. that their very labors to steer a middle course—to moderate his violence by humble remonstrances and benevolent professions—to entice from him the aims of an oppressed and precarious refuge of trade, would only conduce to brighten his designs, and to embolden his insolence, as they squandered unavailingly their fond of submission. In this treaty with Holland all the merchandise brought by American ships into Dutch ports, which have entered since the 1st of January, 1809, a retrospect of 15 months, is to be given up to France, “to be disposed of according to circumstances; and to the political relations of France with the U. S.” in other words, to be given to Bonaparte as an engine to force the U. S. into submission. It is not two months since that the French minister for foreign affairs wrote to Mr. Armstrong a long note, which he desired him to transmit the president in order to prove to him the friendly intentions of France, and her favorable disposition towards the commerce of America: “With out waiting, however, for a reply to this note, France proves her friendly intentions and favorable disposition, by laying her hands upon all American merchandise imported into the Dutch ports! It will be remembered, that in the negotiation between our government and America, the latter made the strange demand that Holland should be considered as an independent neutral state. To this demand we replied, that so long as she was exposed to the control of France we could not consider her, nor would even France suffer her to be so considered. America, however, felt certain that she would, and she now receives the recompense of her confidence.

Vienna, March 24.

We are amused by persons of credit, that two of the celebrated negotiators now in Paris, are to go to London, with a great personage of the French court, to treat for a general peace. We trust that the happy marriage of princess Marie Louisa with Napoleon the Great, will fix the destinies of Europe.

April 19.

Paris papers have arrived to the 11th and Dutch to the 15th. They continue to entertain the absurd expectation that peace with England must be the consequence of Bonaparte's marriage.

April 20.

A mail from Lisbon arrived this morning with intelligence to the 6th. There has been no engagement between our troops and the enemy; but it is said to be Lord Wellington's intention to advance. Large reinforcements have arrived at Lisbon from this country, and the combined regular British and Portuguese armies are said to amount to 100,000 men, besides 48 regiments of militia. The enemy have been driven by general Ballasteros from Santa Oalla and Huelva; and as their force at Seville is not strong, they have been obliged to send for reinforcements in the greatest haste.

**WESTMINSTER MEETING.**

At a meeting of the inhabitant householders electors of the city and liberties of Westminster, assembled in New Palace-Yard, 17th day of April, 1810.

ARTHUR MORRIS, Esq.

High Bailiff, in the Chair.

It was resolved, That we most highly approved of Sir Francis Burdett's letter to his constituents, the subject being of the utmost importance, and the arguments incontrovertible.

That Sir Francis Burdett's conduct in calling upon the civil power for the protection of his house against military force, was dictated by prudence, knowledge of and confidence in the laws of his country.

That the house of commons be called upon to restore to us our beloved representative; and to co-operate with him immediately in his endeavors to procure a fair representation of the people in parliament.

That the petition now read be adopted; that it be signed by the high bailiff and 25 electors, and delivered to our remaining representatives, the right honorable Lord

Cochran, to be by him presented to the house of commons.

That a letter be addressed to Sir Francis Burdett, expressing our full and entire approbation of every part of his conduct as member of parliament.

That the letter now read, be adopted; that it be signed by electors in the name of this meeting; and that the high bailiff be requested to present the same to Sir Francis Burdett.

That the thanks of this meeting be given to our worthy representative, the right honorable Lord Cochran, for his support of Sir Francis Burdett, during the present arduous struggle.

That the thanks of this meeting be given to those independent members of the house of commons, who have supported the rights of the people.

That the thanks of this meeting be given to Arthur Morris, Esq. high bailiff, for his ready compliance with the requisition of the electors, and for his able and impartial conduct in the chair.

NEWBURYPORT, May 22.  
FROM CADIZ.

Schooner Fame, captain Jesse Hoy, arrived yesterday at this port, 64 days from Cadiz. Captain Lord of Ipswich, whose vessel was condemned as unseaworthy, came passenger. By this arrival, although not the latest, we have many of our former accounts confirmed. Cadiz was well supplied with water, which was but 2 dollars per hoghead, and provisions were plenty and cheap. The city was so well fortified and defended as to render it impossible for the French to take it except through treachery or intrigue. We have a confirmation of the hospitality of the English in assisting the Americans in the late gale, and that an English boat's crew was lost in their humane endeavors as reported; if any were destroyed by them it was to prevent their falling into the hands of the French. The Americans whose vessels were burnt by the French, were sent to Seville and imprisoned.

NEW ORLEANS, April 17.

We publish the following particulars of the plundering of the ship John—from the respectable source from which it came, we have no hesitation in saying that it contains a fair statement of facts. We daily hear of the depredations committed on the high seas by those privateers; many of them hovering on our coast; and as Napoleon has not a foot of land in the West Indies, nor is his flag permitted to enter any port on the continent of South or North America. Where then says these robbers shall we go with our booty? Why to New Orleans, is the answer; there we have friends—it has been and still is the asylum for the distressed people of the nation; we can sign distress and the sympathetic hearts of the Americans and our French brethren will receive us with open arms.

If we are truly a neutral nation as we profess to be, let us most rigidly practice the sound doctrine of neutrality. The recent change in the executive of our territory, and the command of the army, with the firmness of our little navy on this station, gives us at least just ground to hope that the sapientness which for some time past have so strongly marked the affairs of this territory will be done away.

**MORE FRENCH PROTECTEN.**

Extract of a letter from a gentleman in Pensacola, to his friend in this city.

In reply to your inquiries relative to the American ship John, which was plundered by a French privateer, I have myself learned the following particulars, on the truth of which you may depend, and which I think, as a friend to our common country, you ought to make public, in order that those brigands, who know that they no longer have an asylum in the West Indies, and will most probably be constrained to take refuge in some part of the U. States, may there be forced to disgorge what they have so iniquitously, and with so much insolent and menacing outrage robbed from our citizens.

The John sailed from Madeira about the middle of January; and on the 6th Feb. was brought too in lat. 20, long. 64, by the French privateer L'Epine (formerly the pilot boat Thors of New York) commanded by captain Bostange, or some name like it, with one gun of large calibre, and a motley ragged band of Frenchmen, mulattoes and negroes, about 40 in number, composing his crew. The officer who boarded, if he deserves the dignity of such a title, named Bonney, on being told where the vessel was from, and that she was in ballast, replied, “No false, I know she has been one of the English islands with a cargo.” “What?” said he, “from Madeira in ballast?”



fact, when that wine sells so well in the U. States! Do you think to impose upon us with such lies? The ship is English, I know it by her construction, I will condemn you—Your papers." He then, without being capable of examining them, scarcely knowing a dozen words of our language, hailed the privateer, saying, "a good prize—she is an English ship—has been to an English colony—has sold her cargo, and is now going to a port in the U. S." During this short interval, the ruffians whom he had ordered to search, returned from below and told him that there were many things which would be useful to them, and among others a superb new hawser. They sent the captain on board the privateer, that they might presume, the more freely plunder, and ordered him into the cabin, where he found the French captain, who in words was civil enough, in all the pomp of power, with his secretary on his left hand, pretending to be occupied in making what they called "the process verbal." The neither of them understood a single word contained in any of the papers, impressing on the mind of the captain that they would send him to St. Martin as soon as this document was finished, and keeping him all the time below under the pretext that the papers must be sealed in his presence, but the true motive of which was that he should not see the spoils which their boat brought off in the different trips which she made to the John. While this act of the farce, which lasted 3 hours, was performing, and spun out on purpose to give time to the ruffians on board to act their part, which they certainly did in a manner disgraceful to the French government and nation, by not only plundering and appropriating to themselves every thing which they thought worthy carrying off, but in rumaging every hole and corner in the ship, emptying out and ransacking all the lockers, tearing down births in search of gold, ordering trunks to be opened, taking therefrom wearing apparel of every kind, even the sheets off the bed, the towels in use; with many other things too contemptible to mention, threatening to assassinate when some little resistance was made to their taking a last haul of sugar which escaped their rapacity, saying "you complain, eh! think yourselves well off soundly, that we do not burn your vessel and send you adrift in the long boat!" This herd of barbarians were now in a state of intoxication, and capable of any thing, our people were therefore obliged to bear with every insult, every outrage that those imperfect buccaniers were pleased to put upon them. The list of articles stolen, is too long to give you, it forms a whole page on the log book.

"We trust that the American printers will denounce the pirate throughout the U. States; he will no doubt get rid of his gun, and change the appearance of his vessel, before he comes into any of our ports in distress."

"Bostagne is a cold, phlegmatic looking man, a native of Toulouse, about 43 years of age, 5 feet 11 inches, chestnut hair and eyes; his lower lip, in one corner, is almost imperceptibly drawn downwards when he speaks, as if by a spasmodic affection."

"Bonomy is a small, light made, half starved looking creature, about 36 years of age, 5 feet and an inch high, black hair, small black eyes, and of very dark complexion."

#### TO RENT.

THAT two story DWELLING HOUSE, occupied by John Houghton. Possession will be given the first of October. To comment would be unnecessary, as the stand is so well known.

#### ALSO FOR SALE.

A small two story BRICK HOUSE, on St. Asaph street, with a lot of 45 feet front and 10 feet deep. If not disposed of at private sale before the 20th day of June, it will, on that day, be sold at public sale.

John Wife.

#### TO THE PUBLIC.

THE subscriber, after a lapse of time necessarily consumed in the preparation of his house, respectfully announces to the citizens of Alexandria, as well as the community at large, that he has taken for a term of years that noted and eligible establishment known by the name of the CITY HOTEL, and once occupied by Mr. Gadsby, whose distinguished abilities as a publican gave it an éclat which the subscriber hopes to preserve by his unremitting exertions in according to all those who may confer on him the favor of their patronage, genteel and comfortable accommodations. The subscriber deems it unnecessary to indicate the multiplicity of conveniences attached to the City Hotel, and will only submit a description of that portion of travellers who have so generally attested its numerous advantages.

James Brook.

#### Alexandria Daily Gazette.

FRIDAY, JUNE 1.

MARRIED on Tuesday evening last, by the Rev. Dr. Barclay, Mr. Roxville Ridd, Merchant of Georgetown, to Miss Maury Ann Lawson, of this town.

Bonaparte having openly declared and published to the world, that he meant to retain the ships and property which he had before seized under frivolous pretences, like a true foot-pad, who springs from behind a hedge on his intended victim; and the people of America being likely to direct that hostile feeling which was fomented by the government, from the British to the French government, our democratic leaders, faithful disciples of the imperial plunderer, begin to talk of the advantages of peace, and the dignity of honor.

This is perfectly consistent. When attacked by England, resistance was indispensable; when insulted by England, as they said, our character was at stake. Though all this while, they were more attacked and more insulted by France, never did they show their teeth to her, and who can expect they should do it now? They are ennobled by French kicks, and French plunder enriches them; for the more they have been kiked and plundered by France, the louder did they cry against England; and then again the louder they cried against that country, the more popular they became.

They would willingly have continued this tune till doomsday. The imprisonment of American seamen, and the loss of American property in France, did not, could not move them; but, O woe! Bonaparte has overstepped the feelings of the nation; he has at length spoken in terms of which the machivellists at Washington will not be able to pervert the meaning. The people will know whether the cry against England should not have been rather made against France. They will reflect if it had, their property might have been safe, as well as the persons of their countrymen now in French bastilles.

The silly cry of British party, British agents, has been put an end to by Bonaparte; and the country will be preserved free and independent.

[Balt. Fed. Rep.]

#### PRIVATE CORRESPONDENCE.

FROM LIVERPOOL, April 16.

The prices of American produce are at little variation from the annexed, though still depressed, and some rather lower. An order has been received at our custom house to allow the importation of rice duty free.

The importations of cotton the last week amount to 12,000 bales, and the sales are estimated at near 8000. The large arrivals and depression in price, brought numerous manufacturers and dealers down; while the detention in the discharge of vessels has prevented much being landed; and the enquiries after prime upland and New Orleans cottons have been very great—16 1/2 has been refused for the former, and 17d asked; while prime favorite marks of Mississippi, of which, however, there are none at market, would command 20d; of inferior qualities there are abundant supplies, and heavy.

It is evident from this demand, in face of so large an importation, that the country trade is badly stocked, and real prime cottons are scarce, and likely to be wanted, though they may be subject to occasional variations.

By the public papers you will observe that Sweden has acceded to the plan of prohibiting British colonial produce and manufactures, admitting only the importation of salt in foreign vessels. Also that a treaty has been signed between Napoleon & Louis Bonaparte, by which, among other articles, it is stipulated that all property imported in American ships since the first of February, 1809, into Holland, shall be held at the disposition of France till it is ascertained how affairs go between the two countries. Dutch Brabant, the whole of Zealand, including the island of Schowen, and that part of Guelderland situate on the left bank of the Waal, are ceded to France.

It is here currently reported and believed that General Armstrong is about to leave France for America, and the general opi-

nion is that importations even direct from America, will be rendered liable to a contribution in the countries under French influence.

No fears are entertained for the safety of Cadix at present, or any immediate dread of Portugal, the public in general are not very sanguine as to the ultimate result.

Numerous American ships are held under Portuguese, Spanish, and other, offering for sale, freight or charter, without success.

April 24.

The sales of cotton the last week, including a public sale of West-Indies on Saturday, are estimated at 8 or 9000 bales; and the demand for prime cottons still continues; prime uplands readily command 16 and a half, and becoming scarce, though we are still largely stocked with inferior of every description; some part of the sales have been on speculation, but principally to the trade.

From the Boston Centinel.

The Camille has brought a variety of information which will be found in the columns of this day's Centinel. Of her passengers is Mr. Griewald, who is the bearer of despatches from General Armstrong for our government, and who left Paris as late as the 26th March. He states, that General Armstrong positively had taken up the ship Sally, capt. Scott, and would speedily embark in her for America; and that a new minister to the United States had been appointed by the French emperor. Added to the certain intelligence of the sequestration of American property in all the emperor's dominions; this intelligence is peculiarly perplexing. At first blush it would appear that Napoleon, indignant at the fair prospect of our honorable accommodation with England, has determined to renounce even the appearance of friendly intercourse, and to condemn and sell the American property so wickedly sequestered by him; and to compel General Armstrong to return home. This course we apprehend would be less fatal to the great interests of our country than that which presents itself to our mind on mature reflection. Every one must be aware of the correctness of President Adams's remark, that a French negotiation can be carried on more to Bonaparte's purpose in the United States, than in Paris. He is more astute than the Directory were when they prevailed on Mr. Gerry, in opposition to his colleagues, and the expectation of his own government, to remain in France after they had been there most grossly insulted. He has therefore probably concluded to shift the theatre of mock negotiation, and to send a new or additional minister to Washington, & no doubt approves of gen. Armstrong's return, to co-operate with Turreau and Dumourier, in demonstrating to our administration the high regard the great emperor has for the government of the U. S. and for the property of their citizens; and that the proceeds of that property, so outrageously seized by him, are placed in his coffers in safe keeping for its owners. This triumvirate he unquestionably thinks must be irresistible. Such a three-fold chord of influence and intrigue he may calculate will not easily be broken. Beside, the possession of seven millions of dollars will be a pledge for the good behaviour of the United States, and a mean, if judiciously applied in our country, of purchasing for him able and influential advocates of his Machiavelian policy. This is perhaps his last resort to prevent a good understanding and free intercourse between the United States and G. Britain. Add to prevent this his whole conduct has proved that he will not be restrained from any measure, however violent or corrupt.

Mark the Event.

#### SHIP NEWS.

Port of Alexandria.

ENTERED,

Schr. Nassau, Latham, Darien—Cotton to Anthony Dyer, and Lumber for many yards.

Brig Rising States, Smith, Geo. Town—Bull—Come to be repaired.

CRUISED,

Brig Logan, Hammet, Boston, by Lawson & Foulie.

Ship Almir, Whipple, Hamburg, by Jacob Morgan.

Printing in all its branches, neatly executed at this office.

#### Public Sale.

To be sold at Auction this day at 11 o'clock.

The last sailing steamer, the "Camille," is now sailing for the United States, and will arrive at New York on the 1st day of July. It is a new and fast sailing ship, and is well adapted for the service.

P. G. Marshall.

#### Public Sale.

Pursuant to an order of the County Court of Loudoun, the following real estate, to-wit: the premises situate on the north side of the Potomac River, and containing about 100 acres of land, is now offered for sale at public auction, on the 1st day of June, at 11 o'clock, at the same time and place, so much of the tract of land owned by the name of

#### WEST GROVE.

As will be sufficient to pay the sum of one hundred pounds. The purchaser will be entitled to the premises on the 1st day of July, and will be bound to pay the purchase money on the 1st day of August. The terms of sale are, that the purchaser will be bound to pay the purchase money on the 1st day of August, and will be bound to pay the interest on the purchase money on the 1st day of September.

The above property will be sold at private sale at any time before the above mentioned day, on application to Richard M. Smith, Esq., or to Francis Hammett, Esq., or to the Commissioners.

#### The Commissioners.

June 1.

#### Notice.

ALL persons are cautioned against purchasing TWO COWS and a HEIFER, from John Houghton, which I am informed is now offering for sale, as they are not property, and I have no given any authority for their being sold.

Ann Houghton.

June 1.

#### Union College Lottery.

State of the wheel after the 24th day's drawing.

5 prizes of \$5,000 dollars each.	
1	100,000
2	5,000
3	250 tickets each.
4	1000
5	500
6	300
7	100
8	50
9	20
10	10

The first drawn Ticket on the 24th day of drawing, which was last Monday, entitled to 200 Tickets, from No. 1 to 200, inclusive; and on the 24th day's drawing the first drawn Ticket is entitled to 200 Tickets, from 201 to 400, inclusive, which will be drawn on Monday next; and on the Monday following, which will be the 25th day of drawing, the first drawn Ticket will be entitled to a Cash Prize of 25,000 Dollars.

TICKETS at present selling at Twenty Dollars, but as there are very few in market, there is a probability of their rising much higher.

MR. Gray.

June 1.

#### Sebastian Spring Tavern.

THE subscriber begs leave to inform the public that he has taken the Tavern at Sebastian Spring, half way between Washington City and Alexandria, lately kept by Mr. A. Lindo, where he is prepared to accommodate such as may favor him with their custom in a style which he trusts will give satisfaction. He is furnished with the best Liquors, and will serve up collations, &c. at the shortest notice.

John Austin.

May 29.

#### NOTICE.

THE Creditors of the late John G. Ladd, and his wife, formerly of Alexandria, merchants, are requested to present their respective claims duly substantiated to the undersigned, at the office of the undersigned, at the City of Alexandria, on the 1st day of July, 1809, at 11 o'clock, at the same time and place, so much of the tract of land owned by the name of

New York, May 25—26.

John G. Ladd.

May 12.



**Notice.**  
NOTICE is hereby given, That the subscriber has taken out Letters of Administration in the County Court of Fairfax, on the estate of *William Garnett*, deceased. All persons having claims against the said estate, either as Creditors or otherwise, are requested to make them known to the subscriber, living near the Great Falls of Potomac.

**John S. Cartwright,**  
Adm'r of *W. Garnett*, dec'd.

May 29. 2aw8r  
**BOARDING-HOUSE.**

**MRS. MARY ANN MARTIN**, respectfully informs the Public, and particularly SEAFARING Gentlemen, that she intends keeping a Boarding House, in a convenient house near *Marceller & Young's Wharf*, on Union street, where she will be prepared to accommodate a few Boarders on good terms.

May 29. 2aw8r  
**SIX CENTS REWARD.**

LEFT the service of the subscriber, two apprentice boys, viz *Thornton Pater & Paulette Spence*, the latter of whom is lurking about town. Whoever will bring the said boys to me shall receive the above reward. I hereby forewarn all persons from harboring, assisting, or in any manner employing them, as I am determined to put the law in force against all such offending.

**Thomas Sanford.**

May 29. 2aw8r  
**LANDING THIS DAY,**  
From on board the ship *Almira*, and for sale by the subscriber.

30 hhds. Muscovado SUGAR,  
59 bags and 3 bls.

**PRIME GREEN COFFEE.**

**Jacob Morgan,**  
Tucker's wharf.

Who will give Cash for good  
*W. O. hoghead and barrel STAVES.*  
May 1. 2aw8r

**Washington Bridge Company.**

THE President and Directors having this day declared a dividend for the half year ending the 22d instant, at the rate of eight per cent per annum. The same will be paid to the stockholders or their representatives at the Bank of Washington, on or after the first day of June next.

These stockholders who have not received for the first half year ending November 22, the dividend at the rate of seven per cent. will call and receive the same.

By order of the board.

**S. Elliot, jun. Treasurer.**

May 25-26. 2aw8r

**Joseph H. Mandeville,**

Offers for sale the following articles,  
wholesale or retail.

3000 bush. Lixbon and Liverpool Salt.  
20000 lbs Green Coffee, in barrels and bags.  
5000 Cochen-Cheese, of excellent quality in sacks.  
1000 New England do. do.  
200 bls. of Harrings, Shad and Mackare.  
50 tons Plaster Paris.  
20 boxes prime Upland Georgia Cotton.  
10 hhds. Jamaica, Antigua and Demarara Rum.  
4 pipes French and ditto Brandy.  
15 hhds. Muscovado Sugar.  
50 bls. do. do. different qualities.  
5 hhds. Copperas.

**TEAS.**  
Gunpowder, Imperial, Hyson, Young Hyson, and Hyson Skin, Modelra, Lisbon, Claret, and Catalonia.  
**WINES.**  
Holland and Country Gin.  
New England Rum in hhds. and bls.  
Fench and Apple Brandy in bls.  
Mauritius Cordons, in boxes.  
Loaf and Lump Sugar, Havannah Honey, per gallon, Figues.  
Molasses in hhds. Spanish Floutant Indigo,  
Spanish Cigars, Quittas.  
Harris's and Taylor's manufactured Tobacco in bags.  
Gunpowder and Shot of different sizes,  
Cinnamon, Nutmegs, Peppers, Pimento,  
Chocolate Nos. 1 and 2, Mould and Dipe Candies.  
Molasses Raisins in boxes,  
Pipes in boxes, 3 gross each.  
Hutchinson's, Hamilton's, Garrett's and Leger's Bitters in bottles.  
Lemon and Philadelphia Mustard,  
Writing and Wrapping Paper,  
Red Cord, Tanning Lanes, &c.

A constant supply of WATER CRACKERS and best SUPERFINE FLOUR, by retail, and 30 hhds. of Maryland and Virginia Tobacco.

**ISAAC KELL,**  
Coppersmith, Plumber, and Tin-Plate Worker.

HAVING REMOVED from Water to Prince street, two doors above the corner of the late Col. Hogg, informs those who have hitherto favored him with their custom, and those who may be disposed to do so, that he will thankfully receive and endeavor to merit their favors.

Cash or exchange given for old Copper, Brass, Pewter or Lead.

**WANTED,**

A BOY of good morals as Apprentice to the above business.  
March 29. 2aw8r

**TUITION.**

THE subscriber continues to teach the French Language at his residence corner of Prince and Royal streets. Ladies and gentlemen will be waited on at their places of abode at such hours as they may appoint. Terms of tuition may be known by applying to him.

**John Frignet.**

N. B. The French translated into English the English into French.  
April.

**New Hat Manufactory.**

**WILLIAM H. S. FAW,**

RESPECTFULLY INFORMS THE PUBLIC, THAT he has established a Hat Manufactory, in King street, one door from St. Asaph street, and opposite the Indian-Queen tavern; where he manufactures and intends to keep constantly on hand, a general assortment of HATS of all descriptions. He flatters himself that a perfect knowledge of, aided by the strictest attention to, his business, will enable him to give general satisfaction.

A considerable discount to wholesale purchasers.  
May 24. 2aw8r

**Forty Dollars Reward.**

RAN AWAY from the subscriber, on the 16th of December last, negro *DANIEL*—he is 38 years old, 5 feet 10 or 11 inches high, tolerably black, high cheek bones, he had an opening between his front teeth having the appearance of one lost, remarkable round shoulders and slender waist—he is by profession a Baptist, has lost much of his religion, and is fond of talking on that subject—he has appeared to be very unwell for two or three years past and has done nothing before that time he was a good hand to put up post and rail fence, and ditching, which he no doubt will engage in should he get a distance from home—he is good at all kinds of plantation work. It is believed he is still in the neighborhood of Alexandria where he has a wife, and is harbored by the negroes belonging or who have lately belonged to the estate of Benjamin Dulany, Esq. and their connections.

I will give the above reward if secured in jail so that I get him again, and all reasonable expenses if brought home.

**John Dulin.**

May 7. 2aw8r

**MILLER WANTED.**

AFTER the 1st day of August, I shall be in want of a MILLER to attend a Country Mill; to a person of good character, and none other need apply, liberal wages will be given.

**N. Ellicott.**

Ocoquan, May 30. 2aw8r

**Thirty Dollars Reward.**

RAN AWAY from the subscriber, on Monday last, a NEGRO MAN named

**SHADRACK;**

six feet high, about 25 years of age; had on a shirt and trousers, but it is probable he may procure other cloaths; has a scar on the back of his neck, which is the only mark I recollect his having. It is probable he is either lurking about Mount Vernon or in Alexandria, as his father lives in Alexandria. The above reward will be paid for apprehending and securing him, so that I get him again, and reasonable expenses if brought home.

**James C. Evans.**

Masters of vessels and others are cautioned against carrying off or harboring said runaway, as they will be dealt with according to law.

Dumfries, May 30. 2aw8r

**FOR SALE.**

THE HOUSES and LOTS at the corner of Duke and Royal streets, late the property of *John J. Smith*. Also, a half acre LOT at the corner of Cameron and Henry streets—on very liberal terms.

**Richard M. Scott, Trustee.**

May 23. 2aw8r

**GRAND LOTTERY.**  
These Prizes of 25,000 Dollars each.  
STATE OF NEW-YORK,  
Union College Lottery, No. 1.

**MANAGERS.**

*William W. Gilbert, Isaac Dennison, Benjamin Derwitt, and Stephen Thorne.*

**SCHEDULE.**

3	Prizes of \$25,000 is \$75,000
1	10,000
1	5,000
4	250-Tickets each, 7,000
2	2,000
3	1,000
25	500
50	300
50	100
100	50
200	30
10,500	10

10,924 Prizes, 24,076 Blanks, 245,000

25,000 Tickets, at 7 dollars, is 245,000

Less than 2 1-4 blanks to a prize; subject to a deduction of 15 per cent. Prizes payable 30 days after the conclusion of the drawing.

**OF THE ANNEXED PRIZES.**

1st drawn No. 10th day of drawing, entitled to \$1,000.  
1st do. 15th do. 250-Tickets from No. 1 to No. 250, inclusive.  
1st do. 20th do. 250 do. from No. 251 to 500, inclusive.  
1st do. 25th do. 550 do. from No. 22,001 to 22,250, inclusive.  
1st do. 30th do. 250 do. from No. 22,251 to 22,500, inclusive.  
1st do. 35th do. Cash, 25,000 dollars.  
1st do. 40th do. 1000  
1st do. 45th do. 25,000

First 4000 Blanks drawn to be entitled to a Ten Dollar prize each.

The drawing will commence in the City of New York on the third Tuesday in April next, and will continue to draw 600 Tickets each day (except the last day, when there will remain 800 to be drawn) until finished.

Tickets for sale by R. GRAY, Bookseller, King street, Alexandria, where all tickets sold by him may be examined, and information obtained respecting the Lottery during the drawing, free of expence. Prizes in the Baltimore College Lottery will be taken at their full value for Tickets in this Lottery, and the difference paid in cash. Cash will also be advanced for prizes as soon as drawn at a moderate discount.

Present price of tickets eight dollars.

January 1.

Should the first number, on the 15th day of drawing, be either of the numbers from 1 to 250, inclusive, then, in that case, the next drawn number (not one of those numbers, shall draw, and be entitled to the 250 tickets, with the prizes and blanks that may be drawn to them previous to the 15th day of drawing; and in the like manner with tickets for the 20th, 25th, and 30th days of drawing; so that a person with one ticket may draw One Thousand Tickets!—Question—How? Answer—Suppose No. 11,175, is the property of A, the first drawn number on the 15th day of drawing, which will entitle A to the numbers from 1 to 250; and the first drawn number on the 20th day of drawing, may be No. 175, which will entitle him to the numbers from 251 to 500. The first drawn number, on the 25th day, may be No. 375, which will entitle him to the numbers from 22,001 to 22,250, inclusive; and the first drawn number, on the 30th day of drawing, may be one of the 750 tickets already drawn, which will entitle him to the numbers from 22,250 to 22,500—Yes, sir, and the thousand tickets may draw One Hundred Thousand Dollars!

**A NEW NOVEL.**

Just Published, and for Sale by  
**COTTOM & STEWART,**  
Price 1 Dollar,  
**GLENCARN;**

**THE DISAPPOINTMENTS OF YOUTH**  
A NOVEL.

By GEORGE WATKINSON, Esq.

Of Washington City.

Author of the *Lawyer and Child of Feeling.*

The celebrity of this author's "*LAWYER*," and "*CHILD OF FEELING*," induced the publishers to engage in this work, and without detracting from the merits of the former, feel themselves justified in stating that his *GLENCARN* is superior to either. It is submitted without further recommendation, with a wish, that the American reviewers may give further encouragement to this young gentleman's endeavors to entertain instruct and moralize his fellow citizens, in a way seemingly well calculated to attract their attention.

Feb. 6.

**Public Sale.**

By virtue of a deed of trust from *William Madison* to the subscriber, to secure the payment of a debt due from him to the Bank of Potomac, will be exposed to auction, on the premises, on the 23d day of JUNE next, the following Property in the town of Alexandria, to wit:—

**One piece or parcel of Ground**

with the improvements thereon, lying on the south side of Prince street and bounded as follows:—Beginning on Prince street 22 feet to the eastward of Water street, and running thence eastwardly with Prince street 22 feet, thence southwardly 44 feet 4 inches, thence westwardly 22 feet, thence northwardly to the beginning.

**A L S O,**

**One other piece of Ground,**

with the improvements thereon, lying on the south side of Prince street 43 feet to the eastward of Water street, and running thence eastwardly with Prince street 40 feet, thence southwardly 44 feet, thence westwardly 40 feet, thence to the beginning.

**A L S O,**

**One other piece or parcel of**

unimproved Ground, lying on the north side of Prince street & to the westward of Washington street; beginning at the intersection of those streets and running westwardly with Prince street 42 feet 5 inches, thence northwardly 70 feet, thence eastwardly 62 feet 5 inches to Washington street, thence to the beginning.

His property will be sold upon a credit of one, two and three years, for notes negotiable in the Bank of Potomac, with approved endorers, carrying interest from the day of sale. A lien will be required upon the property sold to secure the payments.

**Thomas Swann, Trustee.**

May 12-17.

**WILLIAM RAMSAY,**

Prince street, opposite the Vendue Store,  
Offers for sale on the most reasonable terms, the following

**ARTICLES,**

Part of which are just received from Philadelphia:—

**GUNPOWDER,** Fresh TEAS, Imperial, Hyson, Young Hyson, & Hyson-Skin. Imported in the ship *Pacific*, and particularly by *s. c. etid.*

Liquors—a general assortment  
Spices, of every description  
Best Green Coffee, and first and second quality Chocolate.  
Loaf, Lump, and Muscovado Sugars  
Spermaceti, Mould and Dipe Candles  
Box and Casks, Raisins  
Almonds, Figs and Tamarinds  
New Orleans, Natchitoches, and Carret's Philadelphia Souff  
Best Spanish Segars & Chewing Tobacco  
Fresh Sallad Oil, Capers, Olives, Anchovies, and Mushroom Catchup  
West India and Sugar House Molasses  
Georgia Cotton  
Rice, Pearl Barley, Fig Blue, Starb, Indigo, Mustard, and Basket Salt  
Lisbon, Baskets, a variety.  
Wrapping and Writing Paper  
Hair Sitters  
Sweeping and Scrubbing Brushes  
Lending Lines, Traces and Bed Cords  
Mens fine and coarse Shoes  
Smithfield Bacon and Venison Hams  
A constant supply of  
Jamieson's Water Crackers  
Baked Indian Corn Meal  
Fresh Fruits  
A quantity of Irish Seed Potatoes  
A neat assortment of Earthen Ware, from the Columbian pottery, Philadelphia, with which he will be constantly supplied, &c. &c.

May 23. 2aw8r

**Union College Lottery.**

State of the wheel after the 19th day's drawing:—

3	prizes of 25,000 dollars each.
1	10,000
1	5,000
3	250 tickets each.
3	of 1000
25	500
50	300
100	100
200	50
134	20
4417	10

25,000 to draw. Gain of the wheel 1720 dollars.

Present price of tickets \$ 15 for sale by **R. Gray.**

May 23.

**TO RENT.**

A convenient STORE and DWELLING on Fairfax street, lately occupied by *Messrs. and Alden*. Apply to

**Jacob Burr.**

Printing in all its branches, neatly executed at this office.